

## Level 1

## Natural Selection

Natural selection  
Evolution  
Gene Pool / Genes  
Hardy-Weinberg  
Equilibrium  
Fitness  
Adaptation  
Darwin  
Mutation

## Level 2

## Examples of Natural Selection

Natural Selection  
Flowering / Climate  
Phenotype  
Genotype  
Sickle-Cell Anemia  
Antibiotic resistance  
in bacteria

## Level 3

## Genetic Drift

Evolution  
Genetic drift  
Bottleneck  
- N. Elephant Seal  
Founder effect  
- Finches, tortoises  
Gene Flow  
Microevolution

## Level 4

## Evidence of Evolution

Biogeography  
Fossils  
Anatomy  
- Homology  
- Analogy  
- Embryology  
- Vestigial  
Molecular Evidence  
Evolutionary tree

## Level 5

Essential  
Characteristics  
are Conserved

Life  
Genetic code  
Metabolism  
Central dogma  
Genes  
Eukaryotic cells  
• Eukarya  
Prokaryotic cells  
• Bacteria  
• Archaea

## 007 Speciation and Extinction

Speciation  
• Adaptive Radiation

Extinction  
• Mass Extinction  
• Permian  
• Cretaceous  
(K/T Boundary)

Niche

## Phylogeny 006

Convergent evolution  
Analogy vs. Homology  
Systematics  
Taxon -  
Cladogram  
- Clade  
Parsimony  
rRNA vs. mtDNA  
Monophyletic

## 008 - Speciation

Speciation

Species = Biological  
Morphological  
Phylogenetic  
Ecological

Pre-Zygotic Barriers  
• Temporal  
• Habitat  
• Behavior  
• Mechanical  
• Gametic

Post-Zygotic Barriers  
Allopatric vs. Sympatric  
Speciation

## 009 - Populations Continue to Evolve

Natural Selection

- Directional
- Stabilizing
- Disruptive

Sexual Selection

- Intersexual vs. Intrasexual
- Sexual Dimorphism

Hybrid Zones

Galapagos Finches

## 011 - The Origin of Life

LUCA

Archaea  
Bacteria

Prokaryotic cells

Eukaryotic cells

Multicellular life

Horizontal Gene Transfer

DNA

## 010 - Abiogenesis

Stromatolite

Miller-Urey Experiment

LUCA

Monomers - Protocell (protobiont)

Ribozymes

## 012

## Free Energy

Energy

1<sup>st</sup> Law of Thermodynamics

2<sup>nd</sup> Law of Thermodynamics

Gibbs Free Energy

Exergonic Reaction

- Cellular Respiration

Endergonic Reaction

- Photosynthesis

ATP

Energy Coupling

## 013 Free Energy

Respiration      Photosynthesis

Redox reaction      Light reaction

Glycolysis      Photosystem

Citric acid cycle      Chlorophyll

Oxidative phosphorylation      NADPH

Chemiosmosis      Calvin Cycle

NADH / FADH<sub>2</sub>      Chloroplast

Mitochondria

Drawings

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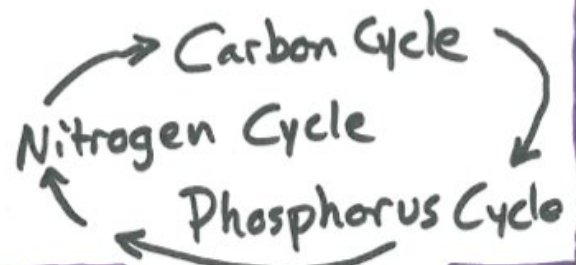
## 014 Environmental Matter Exchange

Carbohydrates  
Mono- Di- Polysaccharides

Lipids  
Glycerol, Fatty Acid

Proteins  
Amino Acids  
Four levels of structure

Nucleic Acids  
DNA, RNA, Nucleotides



## 015 Membranes

Cell Membrane

Cell wall

Fluid Mosaic

Proteins

Phospholipids

Cholesterol

Glycoproteins

Selective Permeability

Aquaporins

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Figure 5.1A

## 016 Transport

Diffusion

Osmosis

Gradient

Passive Transport

Active Transport

Hypo- Iso- Hypertonic

Facilitated Diffusion

Exocytosis

Endocytosis

- phagocytosis

- pinocytosis

- receptor-mediated

## 017 Compartmental

- Plant vs. Animal Cells
- Organelles
- Endomembrane System
  - Rough ER
  - Smooth ER

## 018 Feedback Loops

- Homeostasis
- Negative feedback
- Thermoregulation
- Positive feedback
- Labor
  - Ethylene

Pancreas  
Insulin  
Glucagon  
Diabetes

## Level 19 Environmental Response

- Behavioral Response
- Hibernation
  - Migration
- Physiological Response
- Sweating
  - Shivering
- Thermoregulation
- Counter current Heat Exchange
  - Cognitive Maps

## Level 20

Biosphere  
Biome  
Ecosystem  
Community  
Population  
Organism

Biotic  
and  
Abiotic  
Factors

- Predator - Prey
- Food Webs
- Biofilms
- Ecology

## Level 21

### Homeostatic Evolution

Excretory System

Nephron

Filtration, Reabsorption,  
Secretion, Excretion

Urea, Ammonia, Uric Acid

Respiratory System

Lung / Alveoli

Gill / Lamella

Tiktaalik

## Level 22

### Homeostatic Disruptions

Osmoconformer

Osmoregulator

Invasive Species

Biodiversity

Endangered Species

Threatened Species

## 023 Plant/Animal Defense

### Plant

Nonspecific  
Hypersensitive Response  
R-gene

### Animal

Nonspecific  
Inflammatory Response

Specific

←  
Humoral

Antigen  
Antibody  
B cells

→  
Cell-Mediated

Cytotoxic  
T Cells

Helper T

HIV Infection

## 024 Timing and Coordination

Germination

Differentiation

Transcription factors

Induction

SRV gene

Apoptosis

RNA interference

Homeotic genes

Mutants

Development

025

## Timing and Control

### Plants

Phototropism

· Auxin

Photoperiodism

· Phytochrome

### Animals

Circadian rhythm

Pineal gland

### Bacteria

Quorum sensing

Autoinducer

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## Behavior and Natural Selection

Behavior

· Innate

· Learned

Natural Selection

Phototropism

Photoperiodism

Courtship rituals

Pollination

Level 27

DNA and RNA

### History

- Avery / Griffith

- Hershey-Chase

- Watson-Crick

- Prokaryote  
- Eukaryote

Chromosomes

DNA / RNA Structure

DNA Replication

Transcription

Translation

Phenotype

Genetic Engineering

Level 28

Cell Cycle

Cell Division

Cell Cycle

- Interphase

- M Phase

- Cytokinesis

Mitosis

· Diploid

Cycle

Meiosis

· Haploid

Fertilization

- Independent assortment

- Random fertilization

- Crossing Over

## Level 29 Genetics

P, F<sub>1</sub>, F<sub>2</sub> generation  
Dominant vs. Recessive  
Phenotype vs. Genotype  
True-breeding  
Monohybrid cross  
Dihybrid cross  
Heterozygous  
Homozygous  
Pedigree  
Law of addition  
Law of multiplication

## Level 30 Advanced Genetics

Incomplete Co-Dominance  
Multiple alleles (ABO)  
Pleiotropy  
Polygenic Inheritance  
Linked genes  
Autosomes  
Sex linkage  
Sex chromosomes  
Non-nuclear inheritance  
Gene maps

## Level 31 Gene Regulation

Gene regulation  
Gene expression  
Operon

- Promoter
- Repressor
- Operator
- Genes

Lac operon  
Trp operon  
Histone  
Transcription factors  
Enhancers

## Level 32

Signal transmission  
Gene expression  
Endocrine system  
Nervous system  
Glands / Target cells  
Hormones

- Lipid-soluble  
testosterone
- Water-soluble  
epinephrine



## Level 33

Genotypes  
Phenotypes

Mutation

Base substitution

Insertion/Deletion

'Frameshift'

Sexual recombination

- Meiosis

Nondisjunction

Down Syndrome

Polyploidy

CCR5-Δ32

PKU

## Level 34

Increasing  
Variation

Variation

Viruses

Prokaryotes

Horizontal acquisition

• Conjugation

• Transformation

• Transduction

Plasmids

Eukaryotes

• Independent  
assortment

• Crossing over

• Random  
fertilization

## Level 35

Viral  
Replication

Virus

Capsid-Envelope

Lytic Cycle

Lysogenic Cycle

- Prophage

Retrovirus

- Reverse  
transcriptase

AIDS

HIV

Virulence

## Level 36

Cell  
Communication

Quorum sensing

Vibrio fischeri

Autoinducer

Luciferase

Planktonic

Colonial

Epinephrine

Glycogen

CREB

## Level 37

### Cell Communication

#### Cell to Cell

- Antigen Presenting Cell

#### Short Distance

- Local regulator
- Neurotransmitter

#### Long Distance

- Hormone
- HGH

#### Receptor

#### Secondary Message

## Level 38

### Signal Transduction Pathway

#### Ligand

#### Protein modification

#### Phosphorylation cascade

#### Transduction

#### G-Protein

#### Secondary messenger

#### cAMP

#### Protein Kinase

## Level 39

### Changes In Pathways

#### Tetrodotoxin

#### Na<sup>+</sup> ion channel

#### Newt/garter snake

#### Anthrax

#### Adenylate cyclase

#### Diabetes

#### Insulin receptor

#### GLUT

## Level 40

### Information Exchange

#### Signal

- Bee dance

#### Behavior

- Courtship ritual

- Territory

#### Monogamy / Polygamy

#### Agonistic behavior

#### Dominance hierarchy

#### Learned vs. Innate Behavior

## Level 41

### Nervous System

Nervous System

- Central
- Peripheral

Neuron

Action potential

Myelin sheath

Voltage-gated channels

Synapse

- Neurotransmitters

Excitatory / Inhibitory

Brain

- Cerebral cortex

## Level 43

### Cellular Organelles

Nucleus

- Nucleolus
- Chromatin

Smooth ER

Rough ER

Golgi apparatus

Ribosomes

Lysosomes

Vacuoles

Peroxisomes

Chloroplast

Mitochondria

## Level 42

### Biological Molecules

Polymers

- Monomers

Proteins

- Amino acids
- Four levels of structure

Lipids

- Phospholipids

Carbohydrates

- Mono- di- poly-saccharides

Nucleic Acids

- DNA and RNA
- Nucleotides

## Level 44

### Cellular Specialization

Cells

Tissues

- Epithelial
- Connective
- Muscle
- Nervous

Organs

Stem cells

- Totipotent
- Pluripotent

Gastrulation

- Ectoderm
- Mesoderm
- Endoderm

gene regulation

## Level 45 Organ Systems

Endocrine system  
Skeletal system  
Circulatory system  
Respiratory system  
Muscular system  
Integumentary system  
Lymphatic system  
Immune system  
Excretory system  
Digestive system  
Reproductive system  
Nervous system

## Level 46 Communities

BBECP  
Exponential growth  
Logistic growth  
Limiting factors

- Density dependent
- Density independent

Carrying Capacity ( $K$ )  
Human Population  
Demographic transition

## Level 47 Ecosystems

Ecosystem  
Matter vs. Energy  
Primary Productivity  
Biomass  
Energy Pyramid  
Food Chain  
Producer/Consumer  
Food Web  
Human impacts  
Biotic vs. Abiotic  
Impacts

## Level 48 Enzymes

Enzyme  
Substrate  
Active Site  
Induced Fit  
Cofactors/Coenzymes  
Competitive inhibition  
Allosteric inhibition  
Activation energy  
Reaction rate

## Level 49 Cooperative Interactions

Prisoner's Dilemma  
Cooperation  
Natural Selection

Cells - Rumen

. Bacteria . Protozoa  
. Archaea . Fungi . Viruses

Organelles

. Signal transduction

Organs

. Digestive system

## Level 50 Populations

Community

Niche

Symbiosis

Commensalism

Mutualism

Competition

Predation/Parasitism

Ecosystem Feedback

Invasive Species

## Level 51 Ecosystem Change

Ecosystem Impacts

Climate Change

Greenhouse Effect

Continental Drift

Pangaea

El Niño

Primary Succession

Secondary Succession

## Level 52 Cellular Variation

Molecular Variation

Chlorophyll A vs. B

Purple Earth

Phospholipids

Genetic Variation

Heterozygote Advantage

Sickle cell and CF

Gene Duplication

Antifreeze Protein

## Level 53 Genotype Expression

Genotype  
Phenotype  
Himalayan Rabbit  
Seasonal Melanin  
Flower Color and pH  
Lac<sup>+</sup> Bacteria  
Male pattern baldness  
Thalidomide

## Level 54 Population Variation and Dynamics

Devil Facial Tumor Disease  
Genetic Diversity  
Bottleneck / Founder  
HIV and  $\Delta 32$  mutation  
Hardy-Weinberg  
Equilibrium  
 $p + q = 1$   
 $p^2 + 2pq + q^2 = 1$

## Level 55 Biodiversity

Biodiversity

- Species diversity
- Genetic diversity
- Ecosystem diversity

Keystone Species

- Jaguar
- Sea Otters